



LANDSCAPE · NURSERY · GARDEN CENTER

Indoor Plant Care SNAKE PLANT

Taxonomic Name: *Sansevieria*

Agave Family

Succulent Plant

Anyone who resists owning a snake plant, aka Mother-in-Law's Tongue, simply because it's very easy to keep alive is suffering from a bad case of horticultural *machismo*. In fact, the snake plant is a fascinating species that adds both pleasant foliage colors and striking form to any home or office setting.

How to Care for Your Plant:

LIGHT: Snake plants are tolerant of a broad range of light levels, from dim room interiors to sunny windowsills. In bright light, they will periodically send up long spikes of greenish flowers. Variegated varieties such as 'Laurentii' are happiest when they receive at least bright indirect sunlight.

WATERING: Water when the soil surface becomes completely dry to the touch. (It is especially important to follow this rule if your plant is situated in low light.) When you do water, drench the soil thoroughly; at least a little water should come out of the pot's bottom drainage holes. However, the plant should not stand in saucer water for more than ten minutes.

FEEDING: Feed sparingly, and only when the plant is flowering or growing actively. Use a cactus food at half the recommended concentration and frequency listed in the product directions.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS: Overwatering will quickly promote root rot and the death of part or all of your plant.